# viesa cheat sheet

updated 2024-10-24

for a more thorough description of viesa:

https://viba.neocities.org/viesa/

## phono & ortho

| ipa | latin | cyrillic |
| --- | --- | --- |
| /m/ | m | м |
| /n/ | n | н |
| /ŋ/ | ň | нг/н |
| /p/ | p | п |
| /b/ | b | б |
| /t/ | t | т |
| /d/ | d | д |
| /tʃ/ | c | ч |
| /dʒ/ | j | џ |
| /k/ | k | к |
| /g/ | g | г |
| /f/ | f | ф |
| /v/ | v | в |
| /θ/ | þ | ħ |
| /ð/ | ð | ђ |
| /s/ | s | с |
| /z/ | z | з |
| /ʃ/ | š | ш |
| /ʒ/ | ž | ж |
| /h/ | h | х |
| /l/ | l | л |
| /ɾ/ | r | р |
| /j/ | y | j |
| /a/ | a | а |
| /e/ | e | е |
| /i/ | i | и |
| /o/ | o | о |
| /u/ | u | у |

## basic

u → o → i → e → a → u

consonants written phonemically

double letters → single letters

| | |
| --- | --- |
| r | → /ɾ/, always |
| w/wh | → v, always |
| y | → i/ai, when a vowel |
| y | → g, after vowels |

stress carries over from english word

## pronouns

| | singular | plural |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **1st** | ma (I/me) | va (we/us) |
| **2nd** | ya (you) | ga (y'all) |
| **3rd** | na (he/she/it) | da (they/them) |

possessive:  -k

reflexive:  -salf

## suffixes

-(e)s  plural
-(e)p  past
-(e)š  future
-(e)g  negative
-(e)k  genitive

verb suffix order: past - future - negative
noun suffix order: plural - genitive

## verbs

verbs are converted into bare forms, e.g.:

| | |
| --- | --- |
| be, is, am, are | → ba |
| have, has | → huva |
| eat, eats | → aut |

participles change into bare forms only when used in progressive/perfect verbs:

| | |
| --- | --- |
| is speaking | → ba spauk |
| has spoken | → huva spauk |
| has been speaking | → huva ba spauk |
| a speaking cat | → u spaukeň kut |
| a spoken word | → u spikan vird |

## questions

yes/no questions: put 'di' before sentence
other questions: formed like indirect questions

| | |
| --- | --- |
| you are happy. | → ya ba hupi. |
| are you happy? | → di ya ba hupi? |
| why you are happy | → vai ya ba hupi |
| why are you happy? | → vai ya ba hupi? |